



Warwickshire
Safeguarding
Adults Board



Warwickshire
Safeguarding
Children Board

Warwickshire Safeguarding Boards

Annual Reports 2018-19

Contents

Section	Title	Page
	Introduction by the Independent Chair	3
	<u>PART A:</u> Warwickshire Safeguarding Adults Board Annual Report 2018-19	5
1	Key Facts	5
2	Strategic Priorities	6
3	Learning and Improvement	8
4	Funding	9
5	Member Attendance	10
	<u>PART B:</u> Warwickshire Safeguarding Children's Board Annual Report 2018-19	11
1	Strategic Priorities	11
2	Learning and Improvement	13
3	Funding	14
4	Member Attendance	15
5	Safeguarding Data	16

Introduction from the Independent Chair

I was delighted to join Warwickshire in September 2018 when I took over the chairing of both the adults' and children's safeguarding boards. I would like to acknowledge the work done by my predecessors and thank them for their considerable input.

During the period of this report a considerable amount of time and effort was spent on developing our response to the government's request that safeguarding children's boards redesign their partnership arrangements. In Warwickshire we were eager to take advantage of this opportunity to enable us to develop a streamlined approach to safeguarding that would incorporate both adults' and children's safeguarding partnerships. We are delighted to have submitted our proposal to the Department of Health and have this accepted. The full document can be accessed via <https://www.safeguardingwarwickshire.co.uk>

In developing this work we became aware of a number of areas that required consideration for improvement. We were conscious of the fact that we had undertaken very few Safeguarding Adults Reviews (SARs) across Warwickshire; this led us to looking at our processes and our thresholds and

ensuring that everyone was aware of the criteria for referral to the adult safeguarding board for consideration of a SAR.

When looking at the number of serious case reviews undertaken by the children's board we were conscious of the fact that work sometimes lacked pace and was frequently not completed within acceptable timescales. With the new statutory guidance for the management of case reviews coming into place we took advantage of the opportunity to join the regional early adopters' pilot for the management of Rapid Reviews. This has proved very helpful in our work and I am pleased to say that the new process appears to be running more efficiently. Sadly, we have had a number of complex and high-profile reviews to undertake in children's services and this serves as a reminder that despite living in an affluent and pleasant county there are still children suffering severely from neglect and abuse.

In looking at how to develop a streamlined safeguarding service across adults and children we have looked again at the area of transitions. This is a period when children leave the care and support of children's health care and education and move into adult services. We are particularly anxious to improve services to children who have been or are still victims

of CSE. Similarly we are concerned to better understand how to support and manage those children, young people and adults who are involved in the business of trafficking, gangs and knife crime. To this end, our new safeguarding arrangements include a subgroup to look at exploitation in its widest form. This group is being chaired by the police and will take full responsibility for raising awareness of the depth and breadth of exploitation across professionals and driving a process of practice improvement.

We are disappointed not to have managed to complete more quality assurance and audit work during the period of this report. With this in mind our new arrangements are specifically designed to allow us to undertake up to four major audits each year. This work will run through learning hubs and will ensure that professionals are closely involved with learning from the outcomes.

In order to support our new arrangements we are very pleased to have developed a robust and knowledgeable business support team. Under the leadership of the Business Manager, this team will support all key aspects of the new partnership arrangements. Key areas of work will include the management of case reviews, development of a robust and effective quality assurance system supporting the drive to improve safeguarding through prevention and early help, supporting the work of the exploitation subgroup; and running the audit cycle and learning hub. I look forward to be able

being able to report more on this work in the next annual report.

The period of this report has been marked by considerable change across all of our partnerships and I would like to thank everyone who has been involved in supporting the development of the new way of working for safeguarding Warwickshire. In particular, I would like to express my gratitude to the four executive members who have taken on board the role of leaders with such willingness and seriousness. Without this support the development of the new model for Safeguarding Warwickshire would not have taken off as well as it has. I look forward to continue working with them as Warwickshire transitions into its new partnership arrangements.

Elaine Coleridge Smith
Independent Chair
Warwickshire Safeguarding Children's Board and
Warwickshire Safeguarding Adults Board

PART A: Warwickshire Safeguarding Adults Board Annual Report 2018-19

1 Key Facts

Warwickshire had a total population of **455,082** people aged 18+ years, **118,244** of these were aged 65+ years

QUICK FACTS

2679 Safeguarding concerns reported into Adult Social Care where it was suspected an individual subjected to a form of abuse or neglect	58 Safeguarding enquiries related to people with mental health needs	41 Safeguarding cases involved strangers who were unknown to the victim
19 Safeguarding concerns related to Neglect	192 Safeguarding concerns went on to be investigated further as enquiries	269 Safeguarding enquiries listed the source of risk as an individual known to the victim
		19 Safeguarding allegations involved alleged abuse by social care staff

TYPE and PLACE OF ABUSE



GENDER, RACE and AGE



Making Safeguarding Personal

71% adults were asked about their desired outcomes

50% adults achieved their outcomes fully

94% adults either partly or fully achieved their desired outcomes

2 Strategic Priorities

The overarching objective of a Safeguarding Adults' Board is to assure itself that local safeguarding arrangements and partners act to help and protect adults in its areas who have needs for care and support, who are experiencing, or are at risk of, abuse or neglect; and as a result of those care and support needs are unable to protect themselves from either the risk of, or the experience of abuse or neglect.

Making Safeguarding Personal

- Warwickshire's Trading Standards' Team have continued to prioritise rapid assistance and supported vulnerable adults to confront rogue traders making demands for money on their doorstep. £14,640 saved – this is money that would have been handed over to scammers if Trading Standards' Officers had not been present. Furthermore, a total of 13 Truecall nuisance call blockers were fitted in the homes of vulnerable Warwickshire residents to protect them from scams/fraud conducted over the telephone.
- Warwickshire's Public Health and Strategic Commissioning mobilised new advocacy service contracts, including:
 - Health Advocacy Service, incorporating: NHS Complaints Advocacy, Independent Mental Health Advocacy, and General Health Advocacy;
 - Care and Support Advocacy Service, incorporating: Care and Support advocacy and Independent Mental Capacity Advocacy.A hospital based statutory advocacy services pilot was also undertaken to complement the non-statutory general health advocacy provision.

During 2018-19 a total of 48 people with care and support needs were supported by an advocate to help them with their safeguarding issues and enabled them to:

- Express their views and concerns;
 - Access information and services;
 - Defend and promote their rights and responsibilities;
 - Explore choices and options.
-
- All 3 CCGs now have dedicated health practitioners to support the Personal Health Budget agenda to move forwards. Safeguarding considerations are a key aspect of the PHB approvals process and on-going monitoring. The CCGs continue to ensure that the adult, their families and their carers are fully involved in the assessment process and decision making and the application of the Mental Capacity Act, when appropriate, and referral to advocacy, when needed.

Safe Services

- The management of public mental health services' contracts includes a requirement for providers to report any safeguarding issues or

incidents arising from their provision, so that these are effectively managed. Providers are also expected to report any safeguarding referrals made to the safeguarding hub, to ensure that providers are adhering to their duties in this regard.

- The Clinical Commissioning Groups continue to carry out themed reviews/inspections of commissioned services, seeking assurance that they were providing safe, effective quality care. Work also continued with partners to reduce out of area placements for individuals with learning disabilities or mental health needs and support timely repatriation to local services.
- Warwickshire Police now operate a Harm Assessment Unit within the MASH, whereby Police Officers work alongside Children's Services, Adult Services, Child Sexual Exploitation Social Workers, Domestic Abuse Social Workers, Missing Child Practitioners and Health Professionals. There are also now well-developed links to Mental Health, Education and General Practice. Aligned to these are dedicated Detective Sergeants (one South-based in the MASH, one in the North) supported by Child Protection Liaison Officers (CPLO) to ensure that there is early, effective and professional police representation at strategy meetings/discussions. Through these arrangements early and effective decisions are enabled on whether or not an investigation should be a joint or single agency investigation.

Listening and Engaging

- The Clinical Commissioning Groups have continued to raise awareness and embed the newly defined categories of abuse, such as Modern Slavery and self-neglect, ensuring they are understood across agencies by supporting training sessions, dissemination of updated policies and procedures.
- Warwickshire Police have established a Victim Management Unit (VMU) to research and analyse data to identify vulnerable members of the community and present at the Integrated Victim Management (IVM) meeting. The IVM meetings ensure that the most appropriate agencies are taking the lead and hold the Police and Partners to account. The VMU officer takes ownership of risk management plans associated with vulnerable persons and works in partnership with other agencies to maximise opportunities to reduce the risk of harm to them and their families. The VMU provides a personal single point of contact for repeat victims, hate crime and identified vulnerability that does not have ownership elsewhere within the organisation.

Workforce Training

- Warwickshire's Trading Standards' Team have delivered talks to staff working with elderly and vulnerable adults on how to spot signs of financial abuse. These included WCC Independent Living Team, Age UK and the Alzheimer's Society. Furthermore, it also provided training to staff at 3 Warwickshire banks on how to spot, and intervene to prevent customers potentially falling victim to scams or rogue trading.
- Warwickshire Police's Modern Slavery Human Trafficking Tactical Review Team delivered a CPD Event to 150 front line staff from across Warwickshire and West Mercia to raise awareness and understanding of this type of abuse and referral pathways for victims.
- The Clinical Commissioning Groups continue to raise awareness and deliver bespoke training on Prevent, Mental Capacity Act and Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards and Recognition of Domestic Violence.

Transitions

- The Clinical Commissioning Groups have worked collaboratively with partners to take forward the Transforming Care Agenda with a focus on ensuring appropriate support for those individuals moving from child to adult services. They have also contributed to the development of community learning disability services, driven by the Transforming Care Programme.
- Warwickshire Police supported a series of multi-agency audits to understand the journey of Warwickshire young people using services who transitioned from children to adults. This highlighted the need for additional support for post 18 year olds to maintain successful independence. This was supported by Warwickshire Police CSE team who continue to maintain contact with victims post -18 for consistency and rapport to encourage the reporting of offences against them.

Informing

- Warwickshire Trading Standards supported national campaigns, including Scams Awareness Month 2018 and National Consumer Week 2018. They also issued community messages and advice via press releases, email alerts and social media.
- The Clinical Commissioning Groups have continued to raise the profile of abusive behaviour across healthcare commissioners and providers and have provided information on how to raise concerns, including use of one page fact sheets and posters produced by WSAB explaining 'What you need to know' with regard to making a SAR referral.

3 Learning and Improvement

SARs

The Care Act 2014 places a statutory duty on local Safeguarding Adults Boards (SABs) to arrange Safeguarding Adults Reviews (SARs)

- When an adult, with needs for care and support, (whether or not the local authority was meeting any of those needs) in its area dies as a result of abuse or neglect, whether known or suspected, and there is concern that partner agencies could have worked more effectively to protect the adult; OR
- If an adult in its area has not died, but the SAB knows or suspects that the adult has experienced serious abuse or neglect and there is concern that partner agencies could have worked more effectively to protect the adult.

'Serious Abuse' is considered to be life threatening which requires intervention to prevent death and/or where there is significant psychological impact of the abuse on the individual.

During 2018-19 WSAB received four SAR referrals. One of these referrals is being progressed as a review and learning from this will help identify any required need for change in practice and procedures.

Another one of the referrals was found not to meet the criteria for a SAR, but learning from it was managed through a tabletop review exercise, which involved a number of agencies who had provided support and services to the adult before they died.

Learning Points from this review focused on the following areas:

- Communication;
- Understanding the role of the Relevant Persons Representatives;
- MCA processes and the assessment of capacity;
- Protocol for a care/nursing home resident refusing care/support/treatment ;
- Making Safeguarding Personal.

Learning points from the above provided the basis of an action plan, which continues to be monitored by the SAR sub-committee. Each agency is responsible for feeding back on the outcomes of their action plans.

The remaining two referrals did not meet the Care Act criteria and feedback was provided to the referrer in accordance with the statutory guidance.

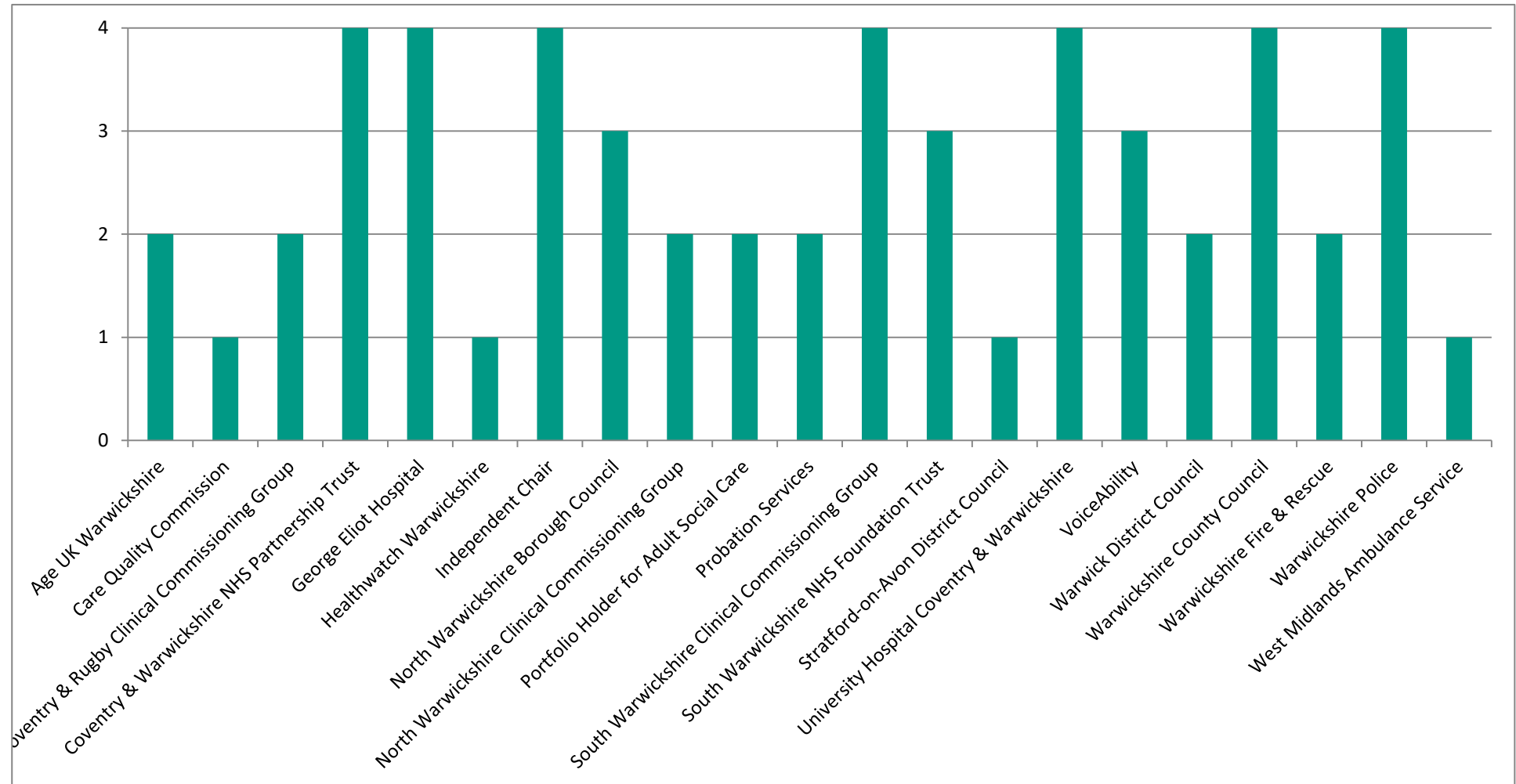
Multi-Agency Audits

Learning from multi-agency audits, conducted on the level of inappropriate referrals, helped to inform change in practice, where high levels of referrals were being received from certain partner agencies. This resulted in the introduction of a new referral form within the agency to achieve consistency in the scoping of incidents before they are submitted as safeguarding concerns. It also raised the need to ensure feedback is given to agencies against the submission of their safeguarding referrals, where they are found not to meet the Care Act criteria for safeguarding.

4. Funding

The WSAB agreed an operating budget for 2018-19 of £125,858 which included contributions from Warwickshire County Council, Police, Clinical Commissioning Groups (3), District and Borough Councils.

5. Membership Attendance



PART B: Warwickshire Safeguarding Children's Board Annual Report 2018-19

1. Strategic Priorities

The overarching role of the Board is to co-ordinate local multi-agency safeguarding arrangements and evaluates the effectiveness of these arrangements. During the course of 2018-19 partners have made the following contributions to the WSCB strategic priorities:

Diversity and Equality

- Warwickshire County Council's Children with Disability (CwD) Team has been redesigned to provide a stepped approach of support. This was achieved in consultation with the parents. We are also reviewing our direct payments scheme and parent/carer assessment and early help offer for CwD in consultation with parents and partners.
- The CCGs have continued to work with partners and the Safeguarding Board to address the reporting of data which will identify any areas where children or their parents are less able to access services. Work is also ongoing to ensure that the health needs of all children who are looked after, including unaccompanied asylum seeking children, are met in a timely manner.
- Warwickshire Police have delivered training and education events at Leamington Football club and other sporting events around Warwickshire; interest was also received from Coventry City Football Club. Social Media campaigns conducted around CSE within Sport and with boys and young men have received a positive reaction, and Barnardos continue with this project to get in to more sports. The multi-agency team has continued to build upon the success of the 'Something's Not Right' Campaign which reaches out to young people across Warwickshire and promotes reporting of concerns through referral pathways.

Neglect

- Warwickshire's Children's Services have been training their workforce in Restorative Practice. This is focusing on the relationships with children, their families, and their personal/professional support network. We are designing a new practice tool for practitioners across the service which will support the multi-agency development of a single plan with a family.
- The CCGs have continued to work with providers and partners to ensure neglect is recognised through the delivery of training, and implementation and monitoring of Serious Case review actions.
- Warwickshire Police have invested in a Missing Persons Team consisting of a Missing Persons Coordinator, 5 Missing Persons Practitioners and 1 Support Staff. The ethos of Problem Solving is embedded within the team using the SARA approach seek to solve

problems in relation to frequent missing persons with an aim to reduce the duration of the missing episode and the number of missing episodes. This approach will enhance the safeguarding of the most vulnerable, particularly children, many of whom are in the care of the local authority.

Exploitation

- Warwickshire Multi Agency Exploitation, Missing and Trafficked Children's team have strengthened their offer to children exposed to all forms of exploitation. With the expanded WSCB priority, we are collecting data now and identifying the young people at risk of/being exploited. We continue to make progress in the area of wider exploitation; Since Jan 2019, 33% of all referrals to the Exploitation Team have been for Criminal Exploitation. And we have worked jointly with Police on several Operations to support the young people and progressing cases through the Complex Abuse procedures. We have conducted County Lines training to raise awareness of the staff and a wider training offer to the workforce is to be developed through the CE Task & Finish Group. Also, funding from WCC has been agreed for a practitioner to support exploited young people into adulthood. This strengthens support through transitions and those young people who are likely to not meet the criteria for support or protection under the care act.
- The Clinical Commissioning Groups have worked closely with partners to identify the responses and recognition of CSE across health provider services. The work is continuing with Public health to address the gaps in health provision to work effectively to keep children at risk of exploitation safe.
- Warwickshire County Council and Warwickshire Police CSE Team now also manage complex criminal exploitation cases. This is a new area of work within the multi-agency team. Warwickshire Police CSE Team now hold 2 Criminal Exploitation Operations and are working jointly with multi-agencies such as Social Services and Youth Justice to provide support and intervention for the young people involved. Proactive arrests have been conducted and, due to gang affiliations and County Lines links, there has been joint action from wider Police Teams both within Warwickshire and cross border with Coventry Police Teams.

Early Help

- The Early Help Strategy was agreed by the board. This is supported by an Early Help action plan has been designed in consultation with our partners. The parenting support offer is being aligned across the service in partnership with public health. The roles of our targeted support officers are being reviewed so we can provide a streamlined offer. The Family Information Service has been expanded to provide greater opportunity for advice and guidance to parents. Social Care consultations have been offered in schools and this continues to expand through clinics provided by our Family Support Services.
- The Clinical Commissioning Groups have continued to be engaged in the multiagency Early Help development and implementation. The theme of Early Help has arisen through a number of serious case reviews and the Clinical Commissioning Groups have been involved in the monitoring and implementation of this across providers.
- The CSE Team has continued to work closely with the multi-agency teams and regularly conducts allocation meetings, operational group meetings with partner agencies and regular daily conversations within the whole CSE team, sharing concerns to flag vulnerability and information to promote safeguarding. The Multi-agency team (sitting together) has been integral to this process in providing a fast

and risk assessed response to vulnerable young people and immediate information sharing. The Missing Team has enhanced this process by gathering intelligence and from return home interviews, flagging crimes and safeguarding concerns quickly so Police can respond at an earlier stage.

2. Learning and Improvement

This is a key function of WSCB and is performed this statutory duty through the following activities:

Multi-Agency Training

A total of 23 multi-agency training courses were delivered to partner agencies across Warwickshire throughout 2018-19 attended by 509 delegates from statutory and non-statutory organisations. Courses provided covered the following topics:

- Working Together to Achieve Effective Referrals;
- Child Sexual Exploitation;
- Effective Child Protection Planning and Core Group Working;
- Domestic Abuse and Child Protection;
- Protective Behaviours.

Course content was based on statutory/national guidance and local learning from serious case reviews. Course evaluation returns received confirmed delegates' increased understanding and confidence in using safeguarding processes and procedures, language and terminology and helped to inform subsequent change/update in local safeguarding practice procedures.

Serious Case Reviews (SCRs)

The responsibility for how the system learns lessons from serious child safeguarding incidents lies at a national level with the Child Safeguarding Practice Review Panel (the Panel) and at a local level with the safeguarding partners.

It is the duty of WSCB to ensure that systems are in place to make arrangements to:

- identify serious child safeguarding cases which raise issues of importance in relation to the Warwickshire
- commission and oversee the review of those cases, where they consider it appropriate for a review to be undertaken

Serious child safeguarding cases are those in which:

- abuse or neglect of a child is known or suspected
- the child has died or been seriously injured

‘Serious harm’ includes serious or long-term impairment of mental health or intellectual, emotional, social or behavioural development. It should also cover instances of impairment of physical health.

New statutory guidance issued as part of the new Working Together 2018 now requires WSCB’s to conduct a Rapid Review for each SCR notification it receives which meets the SCR criteria. This requires Boards to acquire initial scoping information from relevant partner agencies involved with the case and reach a recommendation based on the facts presented to them within 15 days of receiving the SCR notification.

In 2018-19, WSCB received four SCR notifications which were scoped against the statutory criteria. Two of these have progressed onto SCR reviews, one of which has concluded and learning has been shared with WSCB and the other is currently underway. The remaining two did not meet the criteria but are being further scoped to identify any additional learning points, which may benefit from an alternative learning exercise.

Schools Safeguarding Audit

As part of the 2017-18 academic year, 273 schools/education settings submitted a return of their safeguarding audit. Initial analysis of the returns has provided the following overview of findings:

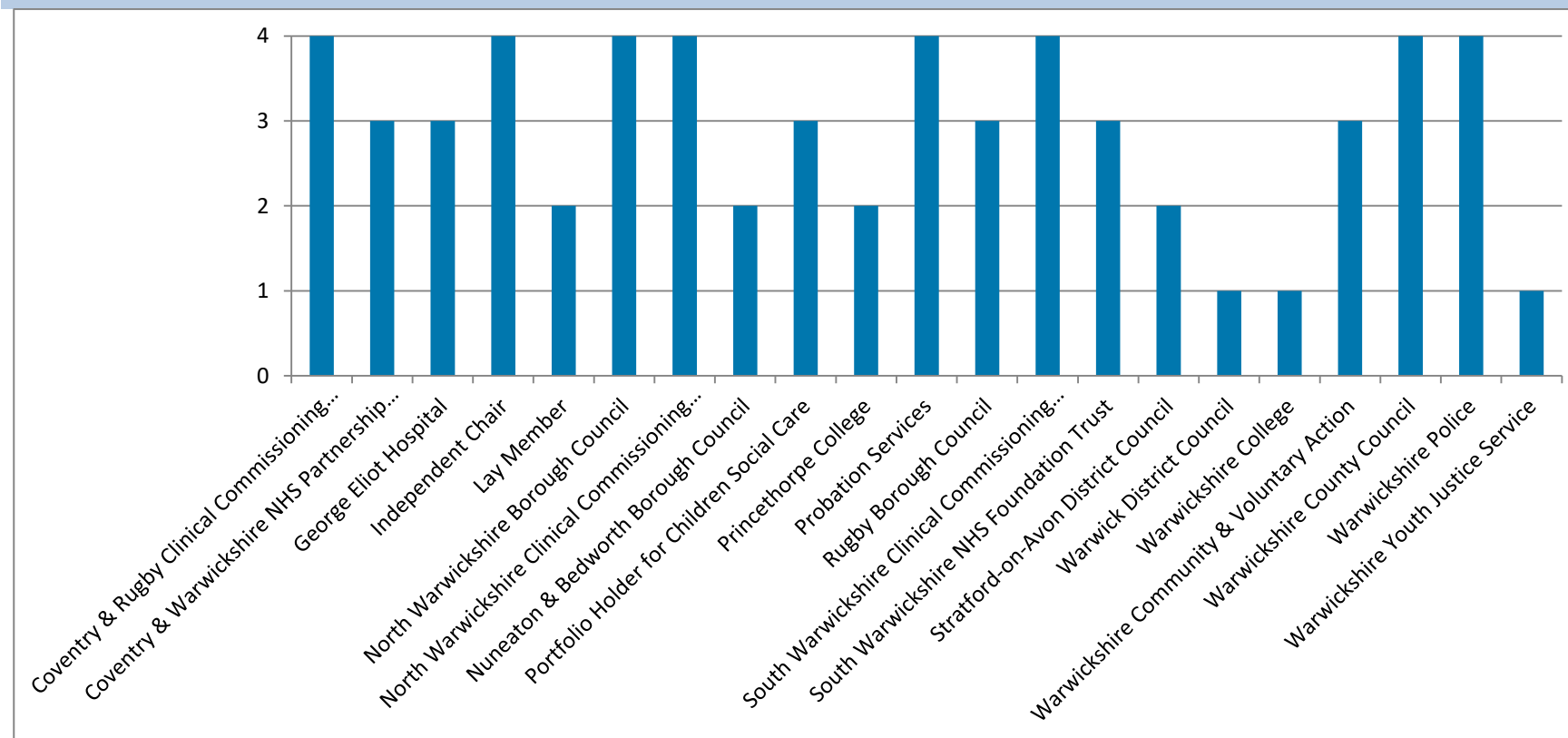
- 272 schools’ Designated Safeguarding Lead is a member of the school/setting’s senior leadership team, the majority of whom have undertaken up-to-date safeguarding training;
- 98% of schools/settings confirmed their Child Protection and Safeguarding Policies had been reviewed with key stakeholders and ratified by the governing body within the last 12 months;
- 88% of schools/settings confirmed all new staff - including temporary staff and volunteers - received a safeguarding induction before they had contact with pupils/students;
- 90% of schools/settings confirmed they had an appropriately trained designated teacher for children who are ‘looked after’;
- 96% of schools/settings confirmed, in line with statutory guidance and the Early Help strategy, they had a plan for every child in their school/setting who required early help;
- 97% all members of the school/setting’s governing/proprietor body are aware of their duty as a governing/proprietor body to ensure that the school’s safeguarding policies, procedures and training are effective and comply with statutory requirements at all times;
- A total of 1,751 referrals were made into the MASH in total;
- Total of 3,066 consultations were conducted with MASH;
- 1,044 Early help single assessments were initiated by schools/settings.

3. Funding

In 2018-19 WSCB had a total income of £116,865. This was made up of contributions from the following partner agencies:

- Police
- Warwickshire County Council
- Health - Clinical Commissioning Groups
- District and Borough Councils
- Community Rehabilitation Company
- CAFCASS

4. Membership Attendance



5. Safeguarding Data Analysis 2018-19

Contacts and Referrals received by Warwickshire

	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19
Number of Contacts	14,846	18,929	12,797	13,993	19,878
Number of Referrals	5,965	5,975	11,330	11,071	5,351
Total	20,811	24,904	24,127	25,064	25,087

Rate of Referrals to Children's Social Care per 10,000 of the 0-17 child population

	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19
Warwickshire	531.3	530.3	1001.4	967.6	461.6
Statistical Neighbours	417.7	420.3	443.0	404.3	TBC
England	548.3	532.2	548.2	552.5	TBC

Breakdown of Referrals to Children's Social Care by Source of Referral

During the 2018/19 financial year the largest number of referrals received by child social care teams came from Schools (25.5%). The second largest number of referrals was received from the police accounting for 22.6% of all referrals. This continues the trend seen in previous years of the most referrals being received from the Police and Schools.

Source of Referral	Number of Referrals during 2017/18	As % of all Referrals received during 2017/18	Number of Referrals during 2018/19	As % of all Referrals received during 2018/19
Individual - Family member/relative/carer	913	8.2%	508	9.5%

Individual - Acquaintance (including neighbours and child minders)	211	1.9%	85	1.6%
Individual - Self	56	0.5%	46	0.9%
Individual - Other (including strangers, MPs)	60	0.5%	20	0.4%
Schools	2513	22.7%	1362	25.5%
Education Services	287	2.6%	120	2.2%
Health services - GP	205	1.9%	67	1.3%
Health services – Health Visitor	197	1.8%	112	2.1%
Health services – School Nurse	12	0.1%	7	0.1%
Health services – Other primary health services	896	8.1%	415	7.8%
Health services – A&E (Emergency Department)	343	3.1%	148	2.8%
Health services – Other (e.g. hospice)	97	0.9%	46	0.9%
Housing (LA housing or housing association)	245	2.2%	90	1.7%
LA services – Social care e.g. adults social care	472	4.3%	203	3.8%
LA services – Other internal (department other than social care in LA e.g. youth offending (excluding housing))	308	2.8%	223	4.2%
LA services – External e.g. from another LAs adult social care	301	2.7%	130	2.4%
Police	1999	18.1%	1211	22.6%
Other legal agency – Including courts, probation, immigration, CAF/CASS, prison	399	3.6%	195	3.6%
Other – Including children's centres, independent agency providers, voluntary organisations	523	4.7%	218	4.1%
Anonymous	478	4.3%	144	2.7%
Unknown	556	5.0%	0	0.0%
Total	11071	100.0%	5351	100.0%

Referrals by District

	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19
N. Warwickshire	339	356	1031	1495	451
Nuneaton & Bedworth	463	445	1114	947	587
Rugby	585	651	942	866	419
Stratford	659	511	609	588	262
Warwick	395	381	778	876	437
Warwickshire	531.3	530.3	1001.4	967.6	461.6

Data Caveat: The Warwickshire rate per 10,000 includes referrals received by countywide teams such as the Childrens Asylum Team

Referrals by Ethnicity

	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	Warwickshire School Age Children (Reception to Yr 11) Source: School Census – January 2017
Ethnicity	%	%	%	%	%
White British/Irish/Other	74.0%	72.8%	77.2%	85.00%	81.50%
BME	11.5%	8.7%	10.3%	12.90%	17.70%
Not Recorded	13.4%	17.0%	11.5%	0.40%	0.80%

Unborn	1.1%	1.5%	1.0%	1.70%	n/a
Total referrals	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

Referrals by Disability

	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	National Average (Jan 2017)
Referrals received for children with a disability	4.5%	2.9%	3.4%	0.9%	4.1%	6%

Single Assessment Activity

	Warwickshire 2015/16	Warwickshire 2016/17	Warwickshire 2017/18	Warwickshire 2018/19	England 2017/18
Number of assessments started during the census year	3818	5218	5704	6146	-
Number of assessments completed during the census year	4082	4438	6207	6119	631,090
% of assessments authorised within 10 working days	30.70%	16.30%	13.50%	9.90%	-

Risk Factors identified at Single Assessment

As part of the annual Children in Need Census return the Department for Education require local authorities to record the risk factors as understood at the end of the assessment relevant to:

- Impairment of the child's health and development ("Child").
- The parent/carer's capacity to respond to the child's needs ("Parenting capacity").
- Other people in the family/household e.g. a sibling or lodger ("Other").

Number of single assessments with assessment factor of	2017/18	2018/19
Alcohol misuse	940	783
Drug Misuse	982	896
Domestic violence	2304	2269
Mental Health	2001	1709
Learning disability	658	495
Physical Disability or Illness	439	322
Young carer	116	79
Privately Fostered	19	20
UASC	25	33
Missing	152	168
Child Sexual Exploitation	184	185
Trafficking	8	28
Gangs	25	62
Socially unacceptable behaviour	321	268
Self Harm	277	191
Neglect	700	512
Emotional Abuse	1049	844
Physical Abuse	655	573
Sexual Abuse	237	205
Other	1274	762
No factors identified - only use this if there is no evidence of any of the factors above and no further action is being taken	1506	2070
Female genital mutilation (FGM)	5	6
Abuse linked to faith or belief	12	1

Children in Need

Number of children who are receiving child in need services

	31 March 2015	31 March 2016	31 March 2017	31 March 2018	31 March 2019
Number of Looked After Children at 31 March	690	764	698	717	722
Number of Children subject to Plans at 31 March	536	473	439	563	345
Number of Children in Need (excluding CLA and CP)	2,721	1,927	2,629	2,744	2,445

Number of new Child in Need cases opened during the past year that stayed open for two months or more

	31 March 2015	31 March 2016	31 March 2017	31 March 2018	31 March 2019
Number of new Child in Need cases opened during the past year that stayed open for 2 months or more	2,463	1,997	2,468	2,647	3,082

Child Sexual Exploitation

Number of children open to the Child Sexual Exploitation Team	31/03/2016	31/03/2017	31/03/2018	31/03/2019
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Number of children open to Child Sexual Exploitation Team at end of quarter	58	65	68	59
Number/Percentage of children open to Child Sexual Exploitation Team at end of quarter who are looked after	19/58= 32.7%	23/65= 35.4%	18/68= 26.5%	8/59= 15.8%

Number of Warwickshire Looked After Children missing, identifying repeat episodes

	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19
No. of missing episodes	328	794	877
No. of missing children	85	113	130
No. of children who had multiple missing episodes during the month	47	74	94

Data Caveat: Please note that the increase seen between the 2016/17 and 2017/18 is due to more robust recording of missing episodes for children following the move from Carefirst to Mosaic in November 2016.

Percentage of Children Looked After whom had a missing incident during the year

	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19
Warwickshire	3%	5%	8%	12%	12.8%
Statistical Neighbours	7.8%	9.8%	10.5%	10.3%	TBC
West Midlands	5%	6%	8%	9%	TBC
England	6%	9%	10%	11%	TBC

Data Caveat: Please note the year on year increases are as a result of more robust recording around children who go missing each year.

Number/Percentage of Warwickshire LAC in residential placements at year end

	31-Mar-15	31-Mar-16	31-Mar-17	31-Mar-18	31-Mar-19
Number of Warwickshire LAC in residential placements	33	39	25	33	40
Number of Warwickshire LAC in residential placements as % of all all LAC	4.8%	5.1%	3.6%	4.6%	5.5%

Child Protection Activity

Number of Children subject to a CP Plan at year end

	31-Mar-15	31-Mar-16	31-Mar-17	31-Mar-18	31-Mar-19
Number of Children subject to Plans at 31 March	536	473	439	563	345

Children subject to a CP Plan per 10,000 of the Child Population by District

	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19
N. Warwickshire	51	35	39	47	22
Nuneaton & Bedworth	77	60	54	67	36
Rugby	42	39	37	36	24
Stratford	22	23	24	43	27
Warwick	45	45	39	51	24
Warwickshire	47.7	42	38.8	49	29.8
Statistical Neighbours	34.9	39.4	35.7	34.4	TBC
England	42.9	43.1	43.3	45.3	TBC

Child Protection Population Demographics Summary at end of year

Gender of Children subject to CP Plans

Warwickshire	2017/18	2018/19
Male	53%	46%
Female	44%	51%
Unborn	3%	3%

Age Profile of Children subject to CP Plans

Warwickshire	2017/18	2018/19
Unborn	3%	3%
Under 1	10%	10%
1 to 4	27%	26%
5 to 9	28%	26%
10 to 15	27%	31%
16 to 17	5%	4%

Disabled Children subject to a CP Plan

	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19
Disabled Children subject to a CP Plan	0.5%	0.8%	0.9%	4.6%	6.4%

Child Protection Categories

Warwickshire	2017/18	2018/19
Neglect	27%	30%
Physical Abuse	1%	3%
Sexual Abuse	2%	1%
Emotional Abuse	31%	43%
Multiple	38%	23%

Ethnicity of Children subject to CP Plans

Warwickshire	2017/18	2018/19
White British/Irish/Other	87.90%	87.20%
BME	9.20%	9.50%
Not Recorded	0.50%	0.30%
Unborn	2.80%	3.20%

Child Protection Performance Indicators

Long Plans: The percentage of children who ceased to be the subject of a child protection plan during 2018/19 who had been the subject of a child protection plan continuously for two years or more, saw a decrease (3.0%) when compared to the 2017/18 out-turn (5.9%). This means that the length of time for which professional's judge those children are suffering or are likely to suffer significant harm before a resolution is found has shown a decrease when compared to the previous financial year out-turn. It is worth noting that as at 31 March 2019 only 1.2% of all active CP cases had been subject to a CP Plan for 2+ years, this is compared to 0.9% at 31 March 2018.

	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19
Warwickshire	6.5%	4.9%	4.9%	5.9%	3.0%
Statistical Neighbours	3.0%	2.6%	3.3%	3.8%	TBC
England	3.7%	3.8%	3.4%	3.4%	TBC

Short Plans: Warwickshire saw an increase in the percentage of children who ceased to be the subject of a child protection plan who had been the subject of a child protection plan for 3 months or less (20.0% during 2018/19 compared to the 2017/18 out-turn of 14.8%).

	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19
Warwickshire	14.4%	13.3%	15.8%	14.8%	20.0%
Statistical Neighbours	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
England	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Repeat Plans: During 2018/19, the % of repeat plans (regardless of length of time between current plan starting and previous plan ending) has remained stable with 18.6% of plans initiated being repeat plans compared to the 2017/18 year end out-turn of 18.6%.

	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19
Warwickshire	19.8%	18.1%	20.8%	18.7%	18.6%
Statistical Neighbours	16.8%	19.0%	18.9%	21.6%	TBC
England	16.6%	17.9%	18.7%	20.2%	TBC

Repeat Plans within Two Years: There has been an increase in those repeat plans within less than two years of their previous plan, up from 7.4% during 2017/18 to 8.3% during 2018/19. This would suggest that original issues are being sufficiently resolved without the need for a subsequent plan.

Care Leavers Activity

The percentage of former relevant young people aged 19-21 who were in education, employment or training (EET)

Direction of Performance: Improvement (Increase)

Employment amongst care leavers aged 19, 20 and 21 saw an improvement during 2018/19 and we are slowly moving more in line with the national average. The national average for 2017/18 was 51% whilst our statistical neighbour average was 54.3%. The West Midlands average is 50%.

	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19
Warwickshire	39%	44%	48%	42%	50%
Statistical Neighbours	46.4%	47.5%	49.3%	54.3%	TBC
West Midlands	41%	47.0%	46.0%	50.0%	TBC
England	48.0%	49%	50%	51%	TBC

Please note that if we only include those we are 'in touch' with then actually 55.2% of our care leavers aged 19, 20 and 21 were EET. This gives a better indication of how the leaving care service ensures that our care leavers who stay 'in touch' are in EET.

The percentage of former relevant young people aged 19-21 who were in suitable accommodation

Direction of Performance: Slight Improvement

Warwickshire saw a year but is still below average of care leavers accommodation (84%). putting this into context:

	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19
Warwickshire	60.4%	64.0%	76.0%	77.0%	78.0%
Statistical Neighbours	81.8%	84.2%	86.1%	85.1%	TBC
West Midlands	75.0%	80%	82.0%	84.0%	TBC
England	81.0%	83%	84.0%	84.0%	TBC

slight improvement this the 2017/18 national who were in suitable However, it is worth

- The fact that we do not have information for 8.5% of our care leavers which are deemed as in 'unsuitable accommodation' for the purposes of this indicator. This includes young people with whom the local authority are not in touch, young people who refused contact and young people who no longer require services.
- If we only include those we are in touch with then actually 86.1% of our care leavers aged 19-21 are in suitable accommodation. This gives a better indication of how the leaving care service ensures that our care leavers who stay 'in touch' are in suitable accommodation.



North Warwickshire Borough Council



National Probation Service

